

TZ-CERT HONEYPOTS WEEKLY REPORT

Period: 01st of June to 07th of June, 2025 **Report No.:** TZ-CERT/WRHP/2025/22

1. NETWORK ATTACKS

A total of **110,261** attacks have been recorded compared to last week's **105,696** attacks within the period of this report. The top 10 Network attacks with malicious IPs, commonly used usernames and passwords are as in **table1** below:

SN	ATTACKING IPS	USERNAMES	PASSWORDS
1.	181.50.203.89	root	123456
2.	181.50.203.88	admin	password
3.	186.80.45.94	345gs5662d34	root
4.	180.119.35.228	guest	admin
5.	103.156.74.23	ubuntu	P@ssw0rd
6.	45.14.245.67	postgres	345gs5662d34
7.	45.144.29.201	admin1	(empty)
8.	170.64.150.23	user	broadguam1
9.	89.20.53.95	debian	12345
10.	204.76.203.83	(empty)	1234

Table1: Top 10 Network attacking IP

Most of the usernames and passwords listed are commonly used, thus its advised review of usernames and passwords be made to avoid use of the above listed credentials and default ones. The use of password policies is the best practice.

2. MALICIOUS SOFTWARE (MALWARE)

During the week the sensors recorded, a total of **52,209** malicious software distributed, compared to last week in which was **58,981**.

ATTACKING IPS MALICIOUS SOFTWARE SN HASHES(SHA256) 5da3905378c944e5297 41.78.76.190 CoinMiner/Linux.Agent.30 1. 304472 ca1e3288534b932ce1f1 96ea0c134720b3af9639 49f7d 103.101.206.20 Miner:Linux/Multiverze.Ge 7c4d16ae0e92dfc65fde 2. 6e700929fefaaf4a42f0e n 4c6cf6996d317940d385 9c1 187.251.110.74 Linux/CoinMiner.ABF 3. 6b6c1bd77604a85b0ab cd98103eb738ca94cc1f bf74043f62ed95ec5561 e507f

Below listed are top ten malicious software and their hashes.

4.	58.56.11.70	E64/ABTrojan.HHAG-	72ce5b00ca4bfa0c18fc df03a15e5391a85d8130 0783626598fe7e022e0e c538
5.	196.188.156.98	Risktool.Linux.Miner.ck	76f4cff23b97b5cc222d0 183a9ece353a5a36cfad 2e722c6a7e00f47bf313 7f0
6.	196.219.0.170	Trojan.Linux.Multiverze.4! c	51b052a524af278366fb 5527d4a5eee949b63f85 168c37d4f97aefe3e73fe 66a
7.	171.225.206.184	HEUR:Trojan.Linux.Miner. gen	40cb80b65c3f0dc8cfa6 eaae51a475f79f0b8bf9a 1406e3a5eed6b46f6c35 a65
8.	77.50.253.34	Adware/Miner	3e9b22ca450a78aa2ee 279292bc6f73fe6d1a57 5d8c9035c8fac36740cc 28bd3
9.	220.135.88.175	E64/ABMiner.DBNS-21	2cc7249e379420271a3 59492b7cfa182251bc66 817014699729a2bb346 d94adb
10.	201.116.12.105	LINUX/AVI.Agent.gikam	2ef6bb55a79d81fbda6d 574456a8c187f610c5ae 2ddca38e32cf7cc50912 b0bf

Table2: Top 10 Malicious attacking IP

3. WEB ATTACKS

During the week the sensors recorded a total of **1,923** web attacks compared to last week which was **2,935**.

From the table below, the top 10 web-based attacks and their associated requests sent to web servers for the period between 01st of June to 07th of June, 2025, are detailed. The requests are the payloads.

SN	ATTACKING IPS	TOP URI
1.	143.198.207.228	/
2.	173.231.185.164	/admin/config.php
3.	204.76.203.219	/.env
4.	24.199.89.244	/manager/html
5.	204.76.203.206	/goform/set_LimitClient_cfg
6.	204.76.203.212	/logon.htm

7.	93.123.109.231	/favicon.ico
8.	89.42.231.140	/.git/config
9.	45.135.193.100	/robots.txt
10.	67.205.191.215	/cgi-bin/luci/;stok=/locale

Table3: Top 10 web attacking IP

4. ICS (INDUSTRIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS) ATTACKS

During the week the sensors recorded a total of **1,919** ICS attacks compared to last week which was **2,658**.

From the table below these are the top 5 ICS attacks and their associated attacking IP, exploited protocols and exploited ports as detailed for the period between 01st of June to 07th of June, 2025, are detailed

SN	ATTACKING IPS	TOP PROTOCOLS	TOP PORTS
1.	165.154.41.6	kamstrup_protocol	1025
2.	23.92.31.179	IEC104	2404
3.	45.79.73.71	guardian_ast	10001
4.	192.81.131.77	kamstrup_management_protocol	50100
5.	45.140.17.26	snmp	161

Table4: Top 5 ICS attacking IP

5. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Honeypot sensors have recorded IP addresses with the most common malware used in the world today. Monitoring of the listed IP address is advised and further to:

- 5.1 Note that most of the malicious IP addresses captured are also listed as malicious IP addresses in other sources that are also observing security attacks; thus, security measures should be considered to counteract, including monitoring of the IPs in networks. Most likely the same resources might be used for further attacks.
- **5.2** Discourage usage of listed login resources (usernames and passwords) and consider deploying mechanisms to monitor login attempts.
- **5.3** Thoroughly check for suspicious files of hashes listed in **Table 2**.
- **5.4** Deploy Intrusion Detection System (IDS) and configure it to flag the detection of attacks associated with the list of resources provided especially the IP addresses and the web requests.