



**TZ-CERT HONEYPOTS WEEKLY REPORT**  
**Period:** 5<sup>th</sup> of May, 2024 to 11<sup>th</sup> of May, 2024  
**Report No.:** TZ-CERT/WRHP/2024/19

## 1. NETWORK ATTACKS

A total of **106,469** attacks have been recorded compared to last week's **129,163** attacks within the period of this report. The top 10 Network attacks with malicious IPs, commonly used usernames and passwords are as in **table1** below:

SN	ATTACKING IPS	USERNAMES	PASSWORDS
1.	183.17.229.243	root	WindoW\$
2.	185.246.128.133	administrator	P@ssw0rd!
3.	193.105.134.95	mysql	Zte521
4.	183.81.169.238	ftpuser	adminHW
5.	41.78.73.146	nginx	password
6.	41.59.204.164	admin	abc123456
7.	179.43.180.108	Test123	88888888
8.	170.64.137.171	postgres	r00t
9.	170.64.225.104	centos	qwerty
10.	218.92.0.124	oracle	admin

*Table1: Top 10 Network attacking IP*

Most of the usernames and passwords listed are commonly used, thus its advised review of usernames and passwords be made to avoid use of the above listed credentials and default ones. The use of password policies is the best practice.

## 2. MALICIOUS SOFTWARE (MALWARE)

During the week the sensors recorded, a total of **282,735** malicious software distributed, compared to last week in which was **343,722**.

Below listed are top ten malicious software and their hashes.

SN	ATTACKING IPS	MALICIOUS SOFTWARE	HASHES(SHA256)
1.	41.59.211.41	downloader.bash/miraib	1d4783339f6494bceb80 b747658d8d13cffa8102 5b70a9101c108014f42a efea
2.	41.59.114.237	trojan.hajime/genericrxic	26e84df90f98a43a1245 6508823700ec648c0dfc 142deb2b86ef5be70f66 863e
3.	41.59.203.60	Trojan:Linux/Downldr.B!M TB	7cf21a8c5eda840e1b37 4d8cfddc85fb3cb7d3e8 cc4381f09cb97210c751 fb84

4.	41.111.178.34	HEUR:Trojan-Downloader.Shell.Agent.p	d5601202dff3017db238145ff21857415f663031aca9b3d534bec8991b12179a
5.	41.59.196.23	Linux/XorDDos.c	ea40ecec0b30982fbb1662e67f97f0e9d6f43d2d587f2f588525fae683abea73
6.	41.59.211.144	BASH/Agent.HYF!tr	6ef27a778205b49344615af4c6983ebe2ac8fe89738eb44c202fdefb0fb40cc9
7.	103.165.131.162	trojan.multiverze	72ce5b00ca4bfa0c18fcd03a15e5391a85d81300783626598fe7e022e0ec538
8.	46.209.103.114	HEUR:Trojan-Downloader.Shell.Agent.p	409e6be60a200711954b03a747748ea87de1756b2ad9e81fa6454598bdebf065
9.	41.59.106.47	Trojan.Gen.NPE	9623c860ea32daf38df770d354165d7c7802d337c8743c4288e3799ebcc8e0cd
10.	93.169.28.155	Linux/Dldr-VN	3d6af6bd2250678f3ba2fcf3d78087e9bba0f71986914c3cc5d497171f303311

Table2: Top 10 Malicious attacking IP

### 3. WEB ATTACKS

During the week the sensors recorded a total of **6,420** web attacks compared to last week which was **2,658**.

From the table below, the top 10 web-based attacks and their associated requests sent to web servers for the period between 5<sup>th</sup> of May, 2024 to 11<sup>th</sup> of May, 2024, are detailed. The requests are the payloads.

SN	ATTACKING IPS	TOP URI
1.	45.155.91.81	/admin/config.php
2.	196.250.208.242	/
3.	94.156.79.247	/users/sign_in
4.	176.199.71.204	/favicon.ico
5.	191.96.207.173	/.env
6.	179.43.188.106	/info.php

7.	101.132.158.55	/files/
8.	182.151.44.183	/bundle.js
9.	78.153.140.30	/1.php
10.	185.224.128.43	/form.html

*Table3: Top 10 web attacking IP*

#### 4. INDUSTRIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (ICS) ATTACKS

During the week the sensors recorded a total of **2,295** ICS attacks compared to last week which was **2,391**.

From the table below these are the top 5 ICS attacks and their associated attacking IP, exploited protocols and exploited ports as detailed for the period between 5<sup>th</sup> of May, 2024 to 11<sup>th</sup> of May, 2024, are detailed

SN	ATTACKING IPS	TOP PROTOCOLS	TOP PORTS
1.	123.58.215.102	kamstrup_protocol	2404
2.	35.180.229.8	guardian_ast	1025
3.	35.180.203.18	IEC104	10001
4.	172.233.24.118	kamstrup_management_protocol	50100
5.	165.154.138.151	SNMP	161

*Table3: Top 5 ICS attacking IP*

#### 5. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Honeypot sensors have recorded IP addresses with the most common malware used in the world today. Monitoring of the listed IP address is advised and further to:

- 5.1** Note that most of the malicious IP addresses captured are also listed as malicious IP addresses in other sources that are also observing security attacks; thus, security measures should be considered to counteract, including monitoring of the IPs in networks. Most likely the same resources might be used for further attacks.
- 5.2** Discourage usage of listed login resources (usernames and passwords) and consider deploying mechanisms to monitor login attempts.
- 5.3** Thoroughly check for suspicious files of hashes listed in **Table 2**.
- 5.4** Deploy Intrusion Detection System (IDS) and configure it to flag the detection of attacks associated with the list of resources provided especially the IP addresses and the web requests.